

We are excited to welcome you as an Earth's Healing patient and look forward to building a strong relationship for years to come. The following are just a few rules that we ask you to abide by while you are here.

- You must be 18 years of age to enter the dispensary without a qualified care giver
 - You must have a valid ID from the state of Arizona or a US passport
 - Have access to your medical marijuana card when you enter the dispensary
 - Please do not medicate while on the premises or in your car
 - Please keep your medicine locked in a secure location at all times
 - Please do not exchange money with others while on the premises
 - Please refrain from using your cell phone while visiting

earthshealing.org

FREE PRE-ROLL ON YOUR SECOND VISIT

Bring this coupon back to us on your second visit and redeem it for 1 FREE PRE-ROLL with the purchase of \$20 or more.

THANK YOU! WE APPRECIATE YOUR BUSINESS

Ask about our

LOYALTY PAYS REWARDS PROGRAM



MEDICAL CANNABIS (MARIJUANA)

Medical Cannabis comes in two basic types: Sativa and Indica. Each type has its own distinct set of characteristics. The efficacy of cannabis is directly related to strain selection, therefore we recommend care be taken in selecting appropriate strains to meet your needs. Science is beginning to identify particular varieties that are effective for sleep, pain, appetite, and energy, as well as for specific conditions and symptoms. We suggest that patients keep records of their own experiences at the time of medicating, strains used, dosage, and method of delivery to determine what works best for them. (A Patient Tracking System and Log is provided in this document.)

SATIVAS

The sativa plant is a tall, slower growing and maturing plant characterized by long, thin leaves. Sativa buds, the part of the plant that contains the most medicine, grow in long, thin, spear like clusters and can be red or purple in color depending on the environment they grow in. The plants smell sweet and fruity and the smoke is generally mild. The effect of sativa is often characterized as cerebral, uplifting, and energetic. It provides excellent pain relief for certain symptoms, listed below, and gives a feeling of optimism and well-being. These benefits can be particularly helpful for the psychological component of many illnesses. Sativas are generally better for daytime medication. **Patients have reported that sativa provides the following medicating effects:**

Reduces nausea • Reduces depression • Relieves headache and migraine • Reduces pain awareness Stimulates appetite • Energizes and stimulates • Increases focus and creativity • Supports immune system

INDICAS

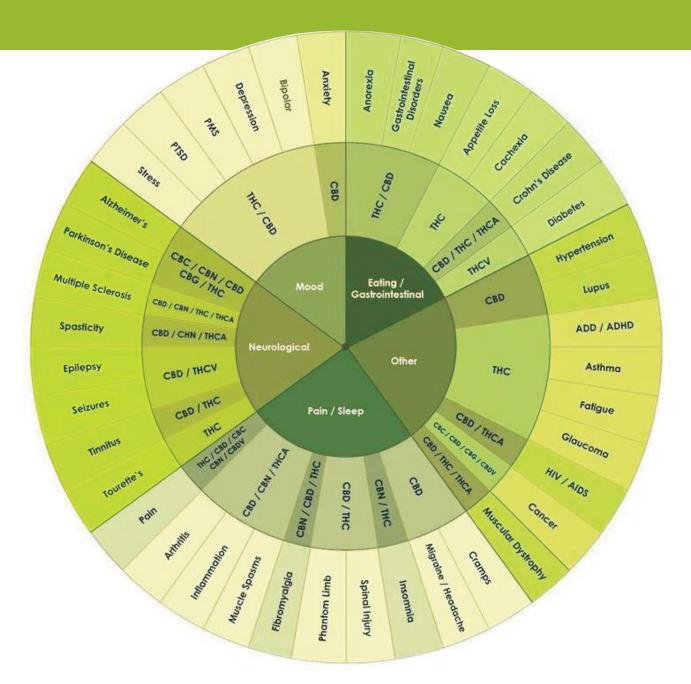
As opposed to cannabis sativa, indica plants are normally shorter and stockier, reaching between three and six feet tall. Their leaves are short, broad, and deeply serrated and sometimes tinged with a hint of purple and the flowers form in compact, dense dusters. The indica plant has a strong stinky or skunky smell and the smoke is generally heavy and can produce a coughing response.

The medicating effect of indica is predominantly physical, although the relief of certain physical symptoms can have positive emotional results as well. Indicas are characterized as relaxing, sedating, and pain reducing and are excellent at relieving stress. They produce an overall sense of calm and serenity and are very effective for overall body pain relief, allowing a patient to simply sit still. Indicas are generally best for later in the day and before bed. **Patients have reported that indica provides the following medicating effects:**

Reduces pain • Reduces inflammation • Relaxes muscle spasms • Stimulates appetite • Aids sleep Reduces headaches and migraines • Reduces intra-ocular pressure • Anticonvulsant

HYBRIDS

Strain crosses, or hybrids, are the result of cross-pollination of various strains. The characteristics, and hence the effects, of one strain will usually be dominant. For example, indica-dominant crosses are good for pain relief, with the sativa component helping with energy, and activity levels. Sativa-dominant crosses are good for stimulating appetite, with the indica component helps reduce body pain and Increase relaxation.



Above all, medical cannabis is known for its ability to help people cope with nausea and reduced appetite, pain and discomfort, muscle tension and spasms as well as provide a feeling and sense of overall well-being and comfort. The new cannabis studies that are starting to emerge along with changing laws and public opinion are very exciting for potential treatment advancements.

Another benefit of medicinal cannabis is the rapid onset of relief that patients can achieve through inhalation dosing methods.

Safety is the primary benefit of cannabis use, as there is no overdose level. No one has ever died from ingesting too much cannabis; nor has cannabis ever caused liver or kidney damage or organ failure.

RISKS & RISK REDUCTION

It is true that any smoke or product of combustion potentially contains carcinogens or other products that are harmful to the lungs and body if inhaled.

Some studies may suggest a relationship between cannabis smoke and precancerous cellular changes. However, a review of the medical literature does not conclude a clear causal link between cannabis smoke and an increase in cancer occurrence in humans. Although in general, it is always healthier to avoid the inhalation of smoke and combustion products.

Alternatives to smoking include vaping, as well as edible dose delivery in capsules, foods or teas. Transdermal delivery through the skin such as in creams and oils, salves, balms, infusions, poultices, soaps, etc. are also effective.

Cannabis is a psycho-active substance, as it is capable of producing profound changes to a person's mental, emotional state. This is one of the reasons that cannabis is effective at producing a powerful sense of well-being.

The mental-emotional state of a person is very complex and constantly seeking a state of balance. The ingestion of any psycho-active substance has the potential of temporarily upsetting the balance and inducing symptoms such as anger, sadness, anxiety, depression, paranoia, panic attacks, and lack of motivation. Individuals predisposed to mental-emotional illness or suffering from mental-emotional illness such as schizophrenia, may be of higher risk to cannabis induced mental-emotional imbalances.

Most importantly, one must understand that any time a person ingests a psycho-active substance, there is a risk they may not feel the way they had intended, especially as a result of the ingestion of larger doses. Above all, it should be again noted that no one has ever physically overdosed from cannabis, and if any mental-emotional discomfort or anxiety occurs, it will resolve within hours as the medication metabolizes.

Always make sure you are in a safe environment before beginning the ingestion of cannabis or changing dosage. Cannabis use does not result in physical dependence, nor does discontinuing use lead to serious physical withdrawal symptoms in most patients. However, as a psycho-active substance, the potential risk for psychological dependence does exist. As a psychoactive substance, cannabis may affect a person's decision making and physical coordination. Therefore, no one should operate heavy equipment or motor vehicles while impaired due to the influence of cannabis or any other substance. Cannabis metabolites can remain in one's system for up to 30 days, therefore, patients should be aware that they may test positive for cannabis even when not impaired.

The legal and social status of cannabis may be the greatest risk proposed by cannabis usage. Cannabis is still considered illegal by the United States Federal Government, and as a result there is the potential for prosecution and punishment.

Additional Information:

- It is unlawful to smoke or ingest Medical Marijuana in public places.
- It is highly recommended that ALL medication be kept in a locked and secure location.
- At all times Medical Marijuana is to be kept out of the reach of children and should not be used while caring for or supervising children.
- It is advised that you consult your employer and the HR department regarding their policies for utilizing and/or being under the influence of Medical Marijuana while working.
- Driving a vehicle and/or operating heavy machinery is strictly prohibited under any circumstances.

POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS AND CONTRAINDICATIONS TO CANNABIS USE

Side Effects listed by the Arizona Department of Health



SHORT TERM EFFECTS:

- Problems with memory and learning, distorted perception, and difficulty in thinking and problem-solving
- Loss of coordination
- Impairs driving abilities
- High doses: Mental confusion, panic reactions and hallucinations

SHORT TERM PHYSICAL EFFECTS:

- Sedation
- Blood shot eyes
- Increased heart rate
- Coughing
- Increased appetite
- Decreased blood pressure
- Bronchitis
- Bronchial asthma

CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Patients with respiratory disorders exacerbated by smoking should use alternative forms of ingestion.
- Cannabis use may have effects on heart rate and blood pressure. Therefore, patients with severe heart conditions should discuss this with their physician.
- Cannabis may elicit schizophrenic episodes in patients who are predisposed to schizophrenia. Individuals with a past medical history of schizophrenia or family history of schizophrenia may be contradicted for cannabis use.
 Discuss with physician.
- Patients with a past history of adverse reactions to cannabis.
- Patients using other prescription mood altering medications or narcotic pain medications should inform their physician of medical cannabis use.
- Pregnancy: Cannabis constituents can pass through breast milk and to the fetus during pregnancy, therefore, patients should inform the physician if currently pregnant or considering pregnancy.
- Patients should not drive or operate heavy equipment while impaired or participate in responsibilities and activities that require focus and attention such as childcare.

CANNABIS DRUG INTERACTIONS

Cannabis (marijuana) has no known lethal dose or LOSO. This makes cannabis one of the least toxic substances known. Therefore, it has very few drug interactions and low potential to cause combined adverse effects. Although, few have been reported that should be discussed.



Alcohol effects may be increased when combined with cannabis, increasing risk of dizziness, loss of coordination, nausea and vomiting. Theoretically, cannabis is an anticonvulsant and may suppress vomiting and lead to alcohol poisoning. However, this is not significantly reported.



Opiate medications are highly toxic, having a high potential for overdose, causing death. Combined cannabis use does not increase the risk of overdose by opiate medications. In fact, studies are suggesting that cannabis may make opiate medications more effective at managing pain at lower doses.

Sedatives can make patients very drowsy. Combining these medications with cannabis may cause excessive sleepiness. Examples: clonazepam (Klonopin), lorazepam (Ativan), phenobarbital (Donnatal), Zolpidem (Ambien).



Disulfiram (Antabuse) manufacturer reports that combined use with marijuana may cause irritability and disturbances of sleep.



SSRI's and other mood altering drugs have had few reports of interactions such as irritability and nervousness. Patients taking these medications should discuss their medical cannabis use with the prescribing physician. Examples: fluoxetine (Prozac) & sertraline (Zoloft).

Please Note: NON-PRESCRIPTION DRUGS AND OVER THE COUNTER SUPPLEMENTS SUCH AS TYLENOL AND HERBS MAY CAUSE AN INTERACTION WITH MEDICAL MARIJUANA. PLEASE CONTACT YOUR PHYSICIAN FOR ADVICE ON USING THESE PRODUCTS WITH MEDICAL MARIJUANA

Cannabis use, along with other changes in lifestyle and health, may initiate fluctuations in vitals, blood pressure, blood sugar and other parameters that may require alterations to prescription medication recommendations and dosages.

Always communicate any health and/or medication changes with your primary care physician!

CANNABIS DELIVERY METHODS

The following are general guidelines. Each individual patient will respond differently to dosing methods. A general rule is to start with a smaller dose until you are comfortable with the level necessary to achieve the desired effect. You must take into consideration the length of time to feel full effects. With smoking or vaporizing, the onset is almost immediate and therefore dosage is easy to self regulate. Other methods like tinctures or edibles, the effects can take up to 90 minutes. When choosing a method with a longer onset, it is important yet sometimes difficult to know exactly how much you are consuming. Lab tested medication is required for this very reason. We recommend that you keep a journal to help you find your ideal dosing method and start low, especially when trying something new.

Smoking: A fast and effective method, smoking ANYTHING raises health concerns. Recent research indicates that smoking cannabis is far less dangerous than cigarette smoking. The medicinal effect will be fully felt in a very short time, usually less than five minutes, but some strains could take longer. It's also inexpensive. This delivery method is good for those needing fast relief or those who medicate less frequently.

Vaping: Vaping is a technique for avoiding irritating respiratory toxins in marijuana smoke by heating cannabis to a temperature where the psychoactive ingredients evaporate without causing combustion. Cannabis vapes are designed to let users inhale active cannabinoids while avoiding harmful smoke toxins.

Concentrates: Also known as extractions, distillate, hash, oil, wax, or shatter. Concentrates are products made from the cannabis plant that have been processed to keep only the most desireable plant compounds (cannabinoids and terpenes), while removing excess plant material and other impurities. Extraction methods may include the use of butane, propane, ethanol, CO2, or water & ice . Exercise caution when using these products as they may be very potent.



Edibles: Edibles are an extraction of cannabis to butter, oil or syrup. Edibles are ingested and are found to be most effective on an empty stomach. Edibles are typically baked goods or candy like brownies, cookies, chocolate, hard candies, etc. For those with strict diets, healthier options can be prepared and are only limited by the cook's creativity.

Tinctures: Tinctures are an extraction of cannabis, commonly vegetable glycerin or alcohol. A tincture provides a non-smoking alternative to medicating. Glycerin tinctures are sweet and may be cooked or cold pressed. Alcohol tinctures my burn under the tongue but can also be cooked or diluted for easier consumption. Typically tinctures allow the patient to remain high-functioning with pain relieving benefits. Patient's often compliment medicinal effects with smoking but is not necessary to gain benefits. Dosing is sub-lingual and can be adjusted easily. Tincture can also be added to liquids for ingestion, i.e. Tea or coffee.

Topicals: Topical preparations are made through extracting cannabis into handmade creations (lotions, salves, lip balms, soap, etc). Topical delivery can be effective for arthritis, muscle spasms, rashes, etc. Recent studies have shown topical applications to be as or more effective than oral delivery methods for some conditions. The majority of patients who use topical preparations do not feel the internal medicating effects that come with smoking or other oral preparations often topical preparations are only felt in healing the skin and muscles.

ALTERNATIVES TO MEDICAL CANNABIS

ALWAYS TREAT THE CAUSE OF DISEASE RATHER THAN JUST TREATING SYMPTOMS

- Medical cannabis has the potential of palliating symptoms that may be indicators of an underlying disease process.
- Always consult and inform your physician about any symptoms that may arise, whether or not they are relieved by medical cannabis.
- Never stop looking for an underlying cause or cure to your symptoms.
- Obtaining a second or alternative medical opinion is always good practice.
- Naturopathic doctors are licensed primary care physicians in Arizona that focus on treating the root or cause of disease. They use natural therapies such as botanicals, acupuncture and Chinese medicine, nutrition, homeopathy and physical medicine to name a few.
- Modern medicine is rapidly evolving. Consult your medical physician(s) regularly concerning new/alternative treatments for your condition.
- Prescription Marinol is a pharmaceutical, synthetic form of THC that is FDA approved and available in the United States .
- Sativex is a trademarked tincture consisting of THC and Cannabidiol available in some countries outside of the United States, such as Canada.

SIGNS & SYMPTOMS OF SUBSTANCE DEPENDENCE & ABUSE

The dialog of substance abuse is ongoing and has many different perspectives. The simple medical view can be broken down to chemical and psychological dependence and substance abuse. Dependence is the continued need to use a substance. This may be caused by a chemical dependence, meaning one will potentially become ill or have medically significant withdraw symptoms if they quit or decrease the dose of the substance. Opiate based drugs and medications such as morphine and heroin are known to cause strong chemical dependence. Other substances may not have a strong chemical dependence but can have a psychological dependence. This is associated with an intense uncontrollable sensation or desire to use the substance, discontinued use may result in mood imbalances and symptoms such as irritability. Cannabis (marijuana) is not associated with a chemical dependence. However, it does pose potential for psychological dependence.

Substance abuse is simply defined as the continued use of a substance even though it is causing problems in an individual's life.

THINGS TO LOOK FOR TO HELP IDENTIFY SUBSTANCE DEPENDENCE & ABUSE

Increase in substance seeking behavior

Increases in the amount of substance being used

Cannot stop using substance despite desire or attempts to quit

Continued unaffordable spending of money on substance

Spending excessive amounts of time thinking about how to get &/or getting the substance

Engaging in dangerous or illegal activities under the influence of the drug or to obtain the drug

Neglected appearance and changes in behavior and/or socially inappropriate behavior

TUCSON AREA SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT CENTERS

America's Rehab Campus

6944 E. Tanque Verde, Tucson, AZ (833) 272-7342, americasrehabcampuses.com

CODAC Behavioral Health Services

1650 E. Fort Lowell Rd #202, Tucson, AZ (520) 327-4505, codac.org

Desert Star Addiction Recovery Center 7493 N. Oracle Road, Suite 203, Tucson, AZ (520) 638-6000, desertstararc.com

In Balance

6107 E. Grant Rd, Tucson, AZ (520) 722-9631, inbalancecontinuum.com

Cottonwood Tucson

4110 W. Sweetwater Dr, Tucson, AZ (800) 877-4520, cottonwooddetucson.com

The Haven Tucson

1107 E. Adelaide Dr, Tucson, AZ (520) 623-4590, thehaventucson.org

Recovery in Motion 1604 N. Country Club, Tucson, AZ (866) 418-1070, recoveryinmotion.com

Sierra Tucson

39580 S. Lago Del Oro Pkwy, Tucson, AZ (520) 624-4000, sierratucson.com



Information excerpted from Internet sources including the National Institutes of Health and scholarly publications referenced herein. This information is intended only to complement, not to replace or contradict, any health or medical advice or information provided by healthcare professionals. Patients who have questions should contact their doctor or other healthcare professional.

PATIENT TRACKING SYSTEM

LOG FOR CANNABIS USAGE, SYMPTOMS & SIDE EFFECTS GUIDELINES FOR NOTIFYING PHYSICIAN

A daily log or journal is the best way to evaluate over time, ones benefit and/or negative effects from medical cannabis use.

Patients should use these logs to self-evaluate symptoms, effects and benefits as well as to provide this information to the physician that is recommending their medical cannabis use.

Symptoms are very important to the treating physician. Please be as specific as possible: include details of onset, quality, duration, associations and severity.

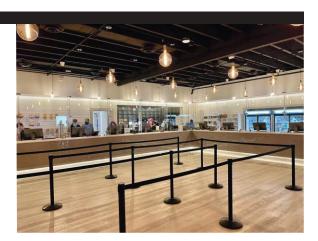
- Severity of symptoms can be quantified with a number scale 1-10 with 10 being the most severe and 1 being least severe.
- Be sure to immediately notify recommending physician of any side effects that occur as a result of cannabis use.

Items to be recorded regarding medical cannabis use include:

- 1) Symptoms or reason for using medical cannabis
- 2) Amount and type of cannabis utilized
- 3) Method of use
- 4) Positive effects and/or relief and symptoms
- 5) Unwanted side effects

A patient symptom tracking log is provided at the back of this guide to assist in documenting information.

The daily log can be photocopied and used to record above information.









Laboratory Testing and Interpretation of Test Results

Since inception, Earth's Healing has consistently tested our products for patient safety. As of November 1, 2020, the implementation of SB-1494 requires that all licensed dispensary vendors must use a DHS approved 3rd party lab to test marijuana and marijuana products. As required by law, all marijuana and marijuana products will be tested for contaminants to include microbials, heavy metals, residual solvents, pesticides/fungicides, growth regulators, and herbicides. All products are also tested for THC-a, THC, CBD-a, and CBD. The percentages can be found on your patient label of products purchased.

HOW TO READ AND UNDERSTAND RESULTS

All marijuana and marijuana products must be at or below the maximum allowable concentrations prior to the patient purchase. Upon receiving the certification of analysis (COA), results for each analyte may be reviewed. Patients have the right to receive a copy of the final report of testing upon request. A table of all required analytes and maximum allowable concentrations can be found on the AZDHS website at https://azdhs.gov/documents/director/administrative-counsel-rules/rules/rulemaking/medical-marijuana/final-draft-rules.pdf

Earth's Healing 3529 E Golf Links Rd Tucson, AZ 85713 granth@earthshealing.org (520) 437-5804 Lic. #00000027DCPI00457346 Batch number to identify product

Potency: This panel includes information on cannabinoids detected.

ND= Not Detected

	66.77%	ND	66.77%
×	THC Max	CBD Max	Total Cannabinoids

Cannabinoids

Cannabinoid	LOQ	Concentration	Concentration	
	%	%	%	
CBC	7.23	ND	ND	
CBD	7.23 7.23	ND	ND	
CBDa	16.87	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""><td></td></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""><td></td></loq<>	
CBN	12.05	ND	ND	
Δ9-THC	6.02	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""><td></td></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""><td></td></loq<>	
THCa	12.05	76.13	76.13	
Total		76.13	76.13	

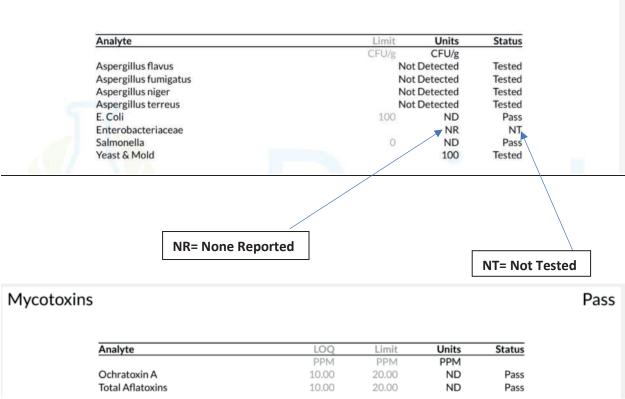
Microbials and Mycotoxins:

Summary Overall Test Result

Pass

Microbial results are reported in Pass/Fail

Microbials



Heavy Metals: Heavy metals are metallic chemical elements that have a relatively high density and can be toxic or poisonous even at low concentrations. Heavy metals occur in cannabis products when the plant uptakes these elements while in cultivation, or when heavy metal-containing nutrients are used.

Analyte	Mass	LOQ	Limit	Status	
	PPM	PPM	PPM		
Arsenic	ND	0.042	0.400	Pass	
Cadmium	ND	0.036	0.400	Pass	
Mercury	ND	0.027	1.200	Pass	
Lead	ND	0.051	1.000	Pass	

Residual Solvents: In some cases, the solvent and impurities from the solvents remain in the extracted material. These are called residual solvents and are byproducts of the extraction process. SB1494 mandates testing for common residual solvents and has established limits for safe consumption.

			State o	lefined Safet	y Limits
Residual	Solvents	/			Pass
	Analyte	Limit	Mass	Status	
		PPM	PPM		
	Acetone	1000.000	ND	Pass	
	Acetonitrile	410.000	ND	Pass	
	Benzene	2.000	ND	Pass	
	Butanes	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Chloroform	60.000	ND	Pass	
	Dichloromethane	600.000	ND	Pass	
	Ethanol	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Ethyl-Acetate	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Ethyl-Ether	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Heptane	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Hexanes	290.000	ND	Pass	
	Isopropanol	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Isopropyl-Acetate	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Methanol	3000.000	ND	Pass	
	Pentanes	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Propane	5000.000	ND	Pass	
	Toluene	890.000	ND	Pass	
	Xylenes	2170.000	ND	Pass	

Pesticides/Herbicides: Pesticides are man-made complex compounds used to repel or eradicate insects, rodents, and other pests. While many pesticides become inert after application, some persist on plants and in their soil. SB1494 mandates the testing for pesticides and publishes a list of banned pesticides for use on marijuana in Arizona.

Pesticides									Pass
Analyte	LOQ	Limit	Units	Status	Analyte	LOQ	Limit	Units	Status
	PPM	PPM	PPM			PPM	PPM	PPM	18
Abamectin	1.0	0.5	ND	Pass	Spinosyn D	0.2	0.2	ND	Pass
Cinerin II	0.3		ND	Tested	Dimethomorph	0.5		ND	Tested
Etoxazole	0.7	0.2	ND	Pass	Imidacloprid	0.2	0.4	ND	Pass
Bifenazate	0.2	0.2	ND	Pass	Myclobutanil	0.2	0.2	ND	Pass
Fenhexamid	0.5		ND	Tested	Thiamethoxam	0.8	0.2	ND	Pass
Flonicamid	0.4	1.0	ND	Pass	Paclobutrazol	2.0	0.4	ND	Pass
Pyrethrins	0.6	1.0	ND	Pass	Spirotetramat	0.7	0.2	ND	Pass
Spinetoram	2.1		ND	Tested	Trifloxystrobin	0.5	0.2	ND	Pass
Spinosyn A	0.4	0.2	ND	Pass	Piperonyl Butoxide	0.6	2.0	ND	Pass

PATIENT TRACKING SYSTEM

Date:	T	ime:									- :	Date:		_Tir	ne:								
Reason for Use/Sy	mptor	ms: _									-	Reason for Use/S	ympt	om	s: _								
Strain:	N	1ethc	od o	f Us	e:						_	Strain:		Me	thc	od o	f Us	se:_					
Amount Used:											-	Amount Used:											
PAIN:	N/A	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	ה ו	PAIN:	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CACHEXIA:	N/A	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		CACHEXIA:	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NAUSEA:	N/A	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		NAUSEA:	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SEIZURES:	N/A	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		SEIZURES:	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
MUSCLE SPASMS:	N/A	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		MUSCLE SPASMS:	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
AGITATION:	N/A	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		AGITATION:	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Date: Reason for Use/S												Date: Reason for Use/S											
											_												
Strain: Amount Used:											-	Strain: Amount Used:											
Amount Oseu.											- !	Amount Osed.											
PAIN:	N/A	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	D	PAIN:	N/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CACHEXIA:	+	1 2	_	-	+	6		8	-	-	- i	CACHEXIA:	N/A	_	2	_	_		6		8	9	
NAUSEA:			_	4	-				-	-		NAUSEA:	N/A	_	_	_	4	-	-	-		9	10
SEIZURES:			2 3	-	5		7		-	-		SEIZURES:	N/A	-	-	-	_	-	6	-	8	9	10
MUSCLE SPASMS:	+ +	1 2		4	-				-	1		MUSCLE SPASMS:	N/A	1	-	-	_	-		7		9	10
AGITATION:	N/A	1 2	_	_	-	6			9	1	D	AGITATION:	N/A	1	2	3	-		6	-		9	10
Post Use Report: _					• 					•		Post Use Report:						• •	•		• 		
											_												



NORTH:

78 West River Rd, Tucson, AZ 85704 520.253.7198

SOUTH: 2075 East Benson Hwy, Tucson, AZ 85714 520.373.5779

